Grand Test – ICP 181119



IBPS Clerk Preliminary Grand Test –ICP-181119 HINTS & SOLUTIONS

ANSWER KEY					
1.(4)	21.(2)	41.(3)	61.(2)	81.(4)	
2.(3)	22.(1)	42.(1)	62.(3)	82.(2)	
3.(1)	23.(5)	43.(3)	63.(3)	83.(2)	
4.(3)	24.(3)	44.(2)	64.(2)	84.(3)	
5.(2)	25.(4)	45.(3)	65.(2)	85.(5)	
6.(5)	26.(3)	46.(1)	66.(1)	86.(3)	
7.(2)	27.(4)	47.(1)	67.(2)	87.(4)	
8.(4)	28.(2)	48.(3)	68.(1)	88. (3)	
9.(2)	29.(5)	49.(3)	69.(4)	89.(2)	. 1
10.(1)	30.(3)	50.(2)	70.(5)	90.(4)	ינ
11. (2)	31.(2)	51.(1)	71.(3)	91.(2)	
12. (2)	32.(1)	52.(2)	72.(2)	92.(1)	
13. (3)	33.(4)	53.(3)	73.(2)	93.(3)	1
14. (4)	34.(4)	54.(4)	74.(4)	94.(4)	/
15. (5)	35.(3)	55.(4)	75.(2)	95.(3)	
16. (1)	36.(3)	56. (2)	76. (2)	96.(4)	-
17. (2)	37.(4)	57. (2)	77. (5)	97.(4)	
18. (4)	38.(3)	58. (2)	78. (1)	98.(2)	
19. (3)	39.(2)	59. (1)	79. (4)	99.(1)	1
20. (1)	40.(3)	60. (2)	80. (3)	100.(5)	

HINTS & SOLUTIONS

- 1.(4) Use 'had' in place of 'has' as the reporting speech 'he found' is in the past.
- 2.(3) 'not only' should be used before 'from'.
- 3.(1) Use 'other' after 'no'.
- 4.(3) Use of 'with you' is superfluous here.
- 5.(2) Use 'has been' instead of 'had been'.
- 6.(5)
 7.(2) Compulsion means the action or state of forcing or being forced to do something; constraint. Persuasion means the action or process of persuading someone or of being persuaded to do or believe something.
- 8.(4) In the first filler (1), (3), (4) are fit in the 2nd filler only (2) and (4) can fit.
- 9.(2) Commendable means deserving praise.
- 10.(1) In first filler (1) and (5) are can be used but in the other only (1) and (2) can fit.
- 11. (2) Refer to paragraph1 of the passage, we can easily conclude that the investigators didn't have any hint of the place about which conversation was going on between the don and the broker, in fact they were surprised to know about their operation being conducted from that faraway place.

- 12. (2) Read the passage carefully, it can be easily inferred that only option (2) is incorrect in the context of the passage, remaining four statements are completely true.
- 13. (3) Refer to paragraph 2 of the passage, it is clearly mentioned that the pope started his criminal career by joining imertis a "respected family" involved in the "Second 'Ndrangheta," War in which almost 500 people were killed between 1985 and 1991.
- 14. (4) Read paragraph3 of the passage carefully, it is clearly mentioned that both Giuseppe Pensabene and EmanueleSangiovanni were part of Northern Italy's criminal organization since long and they had various links in different countries to execute their operations and gain funding.
 -) Read paragraph4 of the passage, it can be inferred that the arrest of EmanueleSangiovanni along with 38 other people helped the Italian investigators in tracking various links of these two people and their associates. It helped the investigators in knowing about the growth of their network from a tiny office to cocaine trafficking in different parts of the world.
- 16. (1) In context of the passage, as compared to other options, option (1) seems to be the most appropriate title for the given passage.
- 17. (2) Haunted means showing signs of mental anguish or torment. Hence it has same meaning as tormented.
- 18. (4) Focused means pay particular attention to. Hence it has opposite meaning to concentrated.
- 19. (3) Launder means conceal the origins of (money obtained illegally). Hence it has opposite meaning as approve.
- 20. (1) Accomplished means highly trained or skilled in a particular activity. Hence it has opposite meaning as incompetent.

The correct sequence is DFCAGEB

24.(3) 25.(4) 26.(3)

28.(2)

21-25.

21.(2)

22.(1)

23.(5)

- 27.(4)
- 29.(5) 30.(3)

31.(2) Required sum =
$$\frac{4499.04}{(1+\frac{3}{100})(1+\frac{5}{100})} = 4000$$

- 32.(1) Let initially each container contains 12 litres of mixture. $\therefore \text{ Required ratio} = \left(\frac{2}{3} \times 12 + \frac{3}{4} \times 12\right) : \left(\frac{1}{3} \times 12 + \frac{1}{4} \times 12\right)$
- = 17:7Ratio of their earning = 3:1. $\therefore \text{ Share of B} = \frac{1}{4} \times 48000$ = 12000
- 34.(4) Work done by A in hours = 9 × 7 = 63 hrs.

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🔔 RACE

 $\frac{6c_1 \times 8c_1 \times 4c_1}{18c_1} = \frac{6 \times 8 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2}{18 \times 17 \times 16} = \frac{4}{17}$ Work done by B In hours = $6 \times 7 = 42$ hrs. Part of the work done by both working 1803 together in $hr = \frac{1}{63} + \frac{1}{42}$ Length of rectangle forms the circumference of base of 47.(1) $=\frac{3+2}{3+2}$ cylinder $2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times r = 11 \text{ or } r = \frac{7}{4} \text{ m}$ 126 5 $=\frac{5}{126}$: Volume = $\pi r^2 h$ \therefore Required days = $\frac{126}{5} \times \frac{5}{12}$ $=\frac{22}{7}\times\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)^2\times 8$ = 3 days = 77 cu m. 35.(3) A = x days Upstream speed (USS) = $\frac{2}{\frac{20}{60}}$ = 6 km/hr 48.(3) $\therefore B = 2x \text{ days}$ $\frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{18} \Rightarrow x = 27$ $\frac{1.69 \times 1.69 \times 1.69 \times 1.69 \times (1000)^8}{(2107)^8} \times 1.3 \times 1.3 \times 1.3 = (1.3)^{7-2}$ Downstream speed = $(DSS) = \frac{2}{15} = 8 \text{ km/hr}$ $\frac{(2197)^8}{2197} \times \frac{1.69}{2197} \times \frac{1.69}{2197} \times 1.3 \times 1.3 \times 1.3 = (1.3)^{7-2}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{1.69}{2197} \times \frac{1.69}{2197} \times \frac{1.69}{2197} \times 1.69 \times 1300 \times 1300 \times 1300 = (1.3)^{7-2}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{1300} \times \frac{1}{1300} \times \frac{1}{1300} \times 1.69 \times 1300 \times 1300 \times 1300 = (1.3)^{7-2}$ $\Rightarrow 1.69 = (1.3)^{7-2}$ 36.(3) \therefore Rate of rowing in still water = $\frac{USS+DSS}{2} = 7 \text{ km/hr}$ Current speed = $\frac{DSS-USS}{2} = 1 \text{ km/hr}$ Let the distance, speed and actual time be D km, 3x 49.(3) km/hr and T hrs respectively. $(1.3)^2 = (1.3)^{?-2}$ $\frac{60}{3x} + \frac{D-60}{2x} = T + \frac{2}{3} \Longrightarrow T = \frac{60}{3x} + \frac{D-60}{2x} - \frac{2}{3}$..(1) 2 = ? - 2 $\begin{array}{c} ? = 4 \\ \frac{68}{100} \times 1288 + \frac{26}{100} \times 734 - 215 = ? \\ 875.84 + 190.84 - 215 = ? \end{array}$ $\frac{D-90}{2x} = T + \frac{1}{3} \Longrightarrow T = \frac{90}{3x} + \frac{D-90}{2x} - \frac{1}{3}$ 37.(4) ..(2) 3x + <u>D-90</u> 1066.68 - 215 =? $\frac{60}{3x} + \frac{D - 60}{2x} - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{90}{3x}$?≈850 ..(3) 2x 75 × 35 ÷ 26 = ? ÷ 13 38.(3) \Rightarrow x = 15. ?≈1320. Actual speed = 45 km/hr. Distance = 120 km. 39.(2) $107 \times 79 - 2916 = \sqrt{?} + 5476$ Let the original speed be x km/hr50.(2) $8453 - 2916 = \sqrt{?} + 5476$ ATQ, $\frac{240}{x-80} - \frac{240}{x} = \frac{3}{2}$ or, $\frac{240x-240(x-80)}{x(x-80)} = \frac{3}{2}$ $\sqrt{?} = 61$ $\frac{?=3721}{0.64\times0.64\times0.64\times0.64}\times(0.8)^4 = (0.8)^{?+3}$ 40.(3) or x = 160 km/hr $0.512 \times 0.512 \times 0.512$ $0.512 = (0.8)^{?+3}$ 51.(1) 100 4 $(0.8)^3 = (0.8)^{?+3}$ 80 3 =? +3 ? = 0 75 + 56 + 108 + 45 + 114 + 32430 41.(3) Average = 6 Average \approx 72. So, ? = 294 + 114 + 34 + 6 = 448. Number of candidates selected from Income tax 42.(1) +16, +32, +48, +64, +80.... 52.(2) $=\frac{88}{100}\times(100+150)=\frac{88}{100}\times250=220.$ so, ? = 270 + 96 = 36610. 380 465 557 53.(3) Number of candidates selected from CBI $=\frac{85}{100}\times100+\frac{74}{100}\times150=85+111=196.$ 92 99 106 113 120 Difference = 220 - 196 = 24. So, ? = 762 + 113 = 875. 43.(3) Number of candidates selected in 2014 from CVC ×1, ×1.5, ×2.5, ×4, ×6, ×8.5..... 54.(4) $=\frac{75}{100}\times40=30$ so, ? = 1080 × 8.5 = 9180 55.(4) Number of candidates selected in 2010 from CVC 505 211 $=\frac{60}{100}\times100=60$ 294 Required percentage $=\frac{30}{60} \times 100 = 50\%$ Average = $\frac{(82+86+72+80+68+90)}{6} \times \frac{150}{100}$ 44.(2) So, 61 = ? + (150 - 96) $=\frac{478}{6}\times\frac{150}{100}$ ≈ 120 ? = 7. 56.(2) Let the speed of train be x km/hr. Number of students selected from custom in year 2012 45.(3) Then, $\frac{600}{x} = \frac{600}{x+5} + 4$ and 2014 = $\frac{80}{100} \times 60 + \frac{60}{100} \times 40 = 48 + 24 = 72.$ $\Rightarrow 600 \left[\frac{5}{x(x+5)} \right] = 4$ Over all percentage = $\frac{72}{60+40} \times 100 = 72\%$. $\Rightarrow x(x+5) = 750 = 25 \times 30$ $\Rightarrow x = 25 \text{ km/hr}$ 46.(1) Required probability =

Grand	d Test – ICP 181119	L. RAC	; [
57. (2)	S.I for two years = Rs.200 S.I for one year = Rs.100 C.I for two year = Rs.220 \Rightarrow Rs.20 is the interest on Rs.100 for one year. If interest is Rs.20, then amount	79. (4) 80. (3) 81-85. Right \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow Left Q	
	= Rs. 100 If interest is Rs.100, then Amount $=\frac{100}{20} \times 100 = Rs.500$	Left $\stackrel{C}{\uparrow}$ $\stackrel{F}{\uparrow}$ $\stackrel{A}{\uparrow}$ $\stackrel{E}{\uparrow}$ $\stackrel{D}{\uparrow}$ Right 81.(4)	
58. (2)	The possible ways are as follows: (i) 1 red ball out of the three and 5 blue balls out of the seven (ii) 2 red balls out of the three and 4 blue balls out of the seven Therefore total number of ways in which a random sample of six balls can be drawn $3c \sqrt{2}c \sqrt{3}c \sqrt{2}c = 4cc$	82.(2) 83.(2) 84.(3) 85.(5) 86.(3) 87.(4)	
59 (1)	$= {}^{-1}C_1 \times {}^{+1}C_5 + {}^{-1}C_2 \times {}^{+1}C_4 = 168.$ Total number of cases when two dice are thrown simultaneously = 6 × 6 = 36	88. (3)	
55.(1)	Favourable number of cases of getting a sum of 6 = 5 (1, 5; 2, 4; 3, 3; 4,2; 5,1)	89.(2) PARAMOUNT AAMNOPRTU	
	Hence, required probability $=\frac{5}{36}$.	90.(4) C, I, F, T 91-95. Dhondu	
60. (2)	Let the rational number be $\frac{p}{q}$	Sonu Sonty	
	q = p + 3	XX	
	$\therefore \frac{p+7}{p+3-2} = 2 \Rightarrow p+7 = 2p+2$		
	$\Rightarrow p = 5$		
	\Rightarrow Given rational number $=\frac{5}{8}$.		
61.(2) 62.(3)	762 + 254 = 1016	Chiku	
63.(3)	? = 142.35 – 23.12 = 119.23.	91.(2) Titu	
64.(2)	$\frac{1}{66 \times 0.25} = 404$	92.(1)	
65.(2)	$\sqrt{?} = 52 - 18 = 34$ $? = (34)^2 = 1156$	93.(3) 94.(4)	
66.(1)	L > E (True)	95.(3) 96.100 Akshav Ko	
67.(2)	$C \ge J$ (Taise) N \ge S (Faise)	Salman Ti	
. ,	P≤Q (True)	Katrina Cu Kareena De	
68.(1)	$M \le J$ (True) $H \le M$ (Falce)	Karishma Pa	
69.(4)	D > Q (False)	Karan Su Hrithik/ranbir/kaiol Mo/ie/pe	
	K≤E (False)	96.(4)	
70.(5)	Q≤E (True)	97.(4)	
71.(3)	Only 543 and 618 will be divisible by 3 when added 3 to	98.(2) 99.(1)	
72.(2)	second digit of each number. 862 953 543 861 764	100.(5)	
73.(2)	6 ÷ 2 = 3		
74.(4) 75.(2)	1163 660 844 919 768		
75.(2) 76–80.	208 953 545 810 704		
	7 I Ferrari		
	6 M Ford		
	5 H Safari 4 K Alto		
	3 L Centro		
	2 G Nano		
	L J Switt		
76. (2) 77. (5)			
78. (1)			
	2		